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**Information technology — Open  
Connectivity Foundation (OCF)  
Specification —**

**Part 12:  
Cloud security specification**

*Technologies de l'information — Specification de la Fondation pour la  
connectivité ouverte (Fondation OCF) —*

*Partie 12: Spécification de la sécurité du nuage*





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# Contents

Page

Foreword .....	v
Introduction .....	vi
<b>1 Scope .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms.....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3.1 Terms and definitions .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3.2 Abbreviated terms .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>4 Document conventions and organization.....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>4.1 Conventions .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>4.2 Notation .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>4.3 Data types .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>5 Security overview .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>5.1 Preamble .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>5.2 OCF Cloud architecture alignment with ISO IEC 17789 .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>5.3 Device provisioning for OCF Cloud and Device registration overview .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>5.4 Credential overview .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>6 Device provisioning for OCF Cloud.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>6.1 OCF Cloud provisioning general.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>6.2 Device provisioning by Mediator .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>7 Device authentication with OCF Cloud.....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>7.1 Device authentication with OCF Cloud general .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>7.2 Device connection with the OCF Cloud .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>7.3 Security considerations .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>8 Message integrity and confidentiality .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>8.1 OCF Cloud session semantics .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>8.2 Cipher suites for OCF Cloud Credentials .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>9 Security Resources .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>9.1 Account Resource .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>9.2 Account Session Resource .....</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>9.3 Account Token Refresh Resource .....</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>10 Security hardening guidelines.....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>10.1 Security hardening guidelines general .....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>Annex A (normative) Resource Type definitions.....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>A.1 List of Resource Type definitions.....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>A.2 Account Token .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>A.2.1 Introduction.....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>A.2.2 Well-known URI .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>A.2.3 Resource type .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>A.2.4 OpenAPI 2.0 definition .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>A.2.5 Property definition .....</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>A.2.6 CRUDN behaviour .....</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>A.3 Session.....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>A.3.1 Introduction.....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>A.3.2 Well-known URI .....</b>	<b>20</b>

<b>A.3.3</b>	<b>Resource type .....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>A.3.4</b>	<b>OpenAPI 2.0 definition .....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>A.3.5</b>	<b>Property definition .....</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>A.3.6</b>	<b>CRUDN behaviour .....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>A.4</b>	<b>Token Refresh .....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>A.4.1</b>	<b>Introduction .....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>A.4.2</b>	<b>Well-known URI .....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>A.4.3</b>	<b>Resource type .....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>A.4.4</b>	<b>OpenAPI 2.0 definition .....</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>A.4.5</b>	<b>Property definition .....</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>A.4.6</b>	<b>CRUDN behaviour .....</b>	<b>27</b>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives) or [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)) or the IEC list of patent declarations received (see [patents.iec.ch](http://patents.iec.ch)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html). In the IEC, see [www.iec.ch/understanding-standards](http://www.iec.ch/understanding-standards).

This document was prepared by the Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) (as OCF Cloud Security Specification, version 2.2.0) and drafted in accordance with its editorial rules. It was adopted, under the JTC 1 PAS procedure, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 30118 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html) and [www.iec.ch/national-committees](http://www.iec.ch/national-committees).

## Introduction

This document, and all the other parts associated with this document, were developed in response to worldwide demand for smart home focused Internet of Things (IoT) devices, such as appliances, door locks, security cameras, sensors, and actuators; these to be modelled and securely controlled, locally and remotely, over an IP network.

While some inter-device communication existed, no universal language had been developed for the IoT. Device makers instead had to choose between disparate frameworks, limiting their market share, or developing across multiple ecosystems, increasing their costs. The burden then falls on end users to determine whether the products they want are compatible with the ecosystem they bought into, or find ways to integrate their devices into their network, and try to solve interoperability issues on their own.

In addition to the smart home, IoT deployments in commercial environments are hampered by a lack of security. This issue can be avoided by having a secure IoT communication framework, which this standard solves.

The goal of these documents is then to connect the next 25 billion devices for the IoT, providing secure and reliable device discovery and connectivity across multiple OSs and platforms. There are multiple proposals and forums driving different approaches, but no single solution addresses the majority of key requirements. This document and the associated parts enable industry consolidation around a common, secure, interoperable approach.

ISO/IEC 30118 consists of eighteen parts, under the general title Information technology — Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Specification. The parts fall into logical groupings as described herein:

- Core framework
  - Part 1: Core Specification
  - Part 2: Security Specification
  - Part 13: Onboarding Tool Specification
- Bridging framework and bridges
  - Part 3: Bridging Specification
  - Part 6: Resource to Alljoyn Interface Mapping Specification
  - Part 8: OCF Resource to oneM2M Resource Mapping Specification
  - Part 14: OCF Resource to BLE Mapping Specification
  - Part 15: OCF Resource to EnOcean Mapping Specification
  - Part 16: OCF Resource to UPlus Mapping Specification
  - Part 17: OCF Resource to Zigbee Cluster Mapping Specification
  - Part 18: OCF Resource to Z-Wave Mapping Specification
- Resource and Device models
  - Part 4: Resource Type Specification
  - Part 5: Device Specification

- Core framework extensions
  - Part 7: Wi-Fi Easy Setup Specification
  - Part 9: Core Optional Specification
- OCF Cloud
  - Part 10: Cloud API for Cloud Services Specification
  - Part 11: Device to Cloud Services Specification
  - Part 12: Cloud Security Specification





# Information technology — Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Specification —

## Part 12: Cloud security specification

### 1 Scope

The OCF Cloud specifications are divided into a series of documents:

- OCF Cloud security specification (this document): The cloud security specification document specifies the security requirements and definitions for OCF devices and OCF clouds implementations.
- OCF Device to Cloud Specification: The OCF Device to Cloud Specification document defines functional extensions and capabilities to meet the requirements of the OCF Cloud. This document specifies new Resource Types to enable the functionality and any extensions required to connect an OCF device to an OCF cloud.
- OCF Cloud API for cloud services specification: The Cloud API for cloud services specification defines the OCF cloud API.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 30118-1 *Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – Part 1: Core specification*

<https://www.iso.org/standard/53238.html>

ISO/IEC 30118-2, *Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – Part 2: Security specification*

<https://www.iso.org/standard/74239.html>

ISO/IEC 30118-8, *Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – Part 8: Device to Cloud Services,*

<https://www.iso.org/standard/79360.html>

IETF RFC 6749, *The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework*, October 2012,

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6749>

IETF RFC 6750, *The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework: Bearer Token Usage*, October 2012,

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6750>

IETF RFC 8323, *CoAP (Constrained Application Protocol) over TCP, TLS, and WebSockets*, February 2018, <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc8323>

## ISO/IEC 30118-12:2021(E)

oneM2M Release 3 Documents, <http://www.onem2m.org/technical/published-drafts>

OpenAPI document, aka *Swagger RESTful API Documentation Specification*, Version 2.0  
<https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md>